Computer Programming Fundamentals

CS 152

Professor: Leah Buechley

TAs: Melody Horn, Noah Garcia, Andrew Geyko, Juan Ormaza

Time: MWF 10:00-10:50am

https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/CS152_Fall2021/

USE PIAZZA FOR QUESTIONS DURING LECTURE

DUE TUESDAY: ASSIGNMENT 2

- Due Tuesday 9/6 by 9:30am
- Use the Screen.java code from class
- Submit via UNM Learn

LETS DO SOME MORE INTERESTING PROGRAMMING

IntelliJ or Replit

IntelliJ PROJECT SETUP

- 1. Create a new project
- 2. Make sure you have the right SDK selected (Java 16)
- 3. Click "Next"
- 4. Click "Next"

IntelliJ PROJECT SETUP

- 1. Give your project a name and make sure it's being saved in the correct location. The folder where you're storing all your code for this class
- 2. For PCs:
 C:\Users\YOUR_ACCOUNT\CS152Java
- 3. Type in "ScreenExample" for Project name
- 4. Make sure "ScreenExample" is at the end of the text you see in Project location. Add this text if it isn't there.

CREATE A NEW FILE

- Create a new Java Class file in the src directory.
- Name it "Screen.java"
- Copy the code from this location into your file:

https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/CS152_Fall2021/sampleCode/Screen.java

Follow link from schedule on website

Screen.java

```
/****************************
            Leah Buechley
 * For course: CS 152 - Computer Programming Fundamentals
 * Date: 8/2021
 * A simple class to make it easy to get started with graphics programming in Java.
 * Inspired by Processing. Trying to support a similar experience.
 * Refer to Java graphics documentation for information on drawing:
 * https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/16/docs/api/java.desktop/java/awt/Graphics.html
 *******************************
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.awt.image.BufferStrategy;
class Screen extends Canvas implements KeyListener, MouseMotionListener, MouseListener {
   int width, height;
   int mouseX, mouseY;
   Color backgroundColor;
   String name;
   BufferStrategy bufferStrategy;
   char keyPressed;
   int keyCode;
   boolean mouseClicked;
   boolean mousePressed:
   int numberOfClicks;
```

CREATE ANOTHER FILE

- Create a new Java Class file in the src directory.
- Name it "ScreenExample.java"
- Copy the code from this location into your file:

https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/CS152_Fall2021/sampleCode/ScreenExample.java

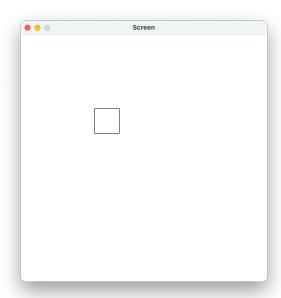
Follow link from schedule on website

ScreenExample.java

```
* Author: Leah Buechley
 * Date: 8/2021
 * This is an example to help you use the Screen class
 * Refer to Java graphics documentation for information on drawing:
 * https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/16/docs/api/java.desktop/java/awt/Graphics.html
 ************************************
import java.awt.*;
public class ScreenExample {
   //Create a screen/window to draw in
   static Screen screen= new Screen();
   //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       while (true) {
           paint();
       }
   }
   //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
   public static void paint() {
       //clear the screen
       screen.clearScreen();
       Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
       //Do all drawing here
       g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
       g.drawRect(150,150,50,50);
```

COMPILE & RUN ScreenExample

- In ScreenExample file
- Click on the green arrow next to the main method
- Click "Run ScreenExample.main()"



WHAT'S THIS PROGRAM DOING?

LETS LOOK AT THE CODE

ScreenExample.java

WRITING CODE: FOCUS

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect(150,150,50,50);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}
```

CHANGING THE RECTANGLE

RECTANGLE: SIZE

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect(150,150,100,100);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}
```

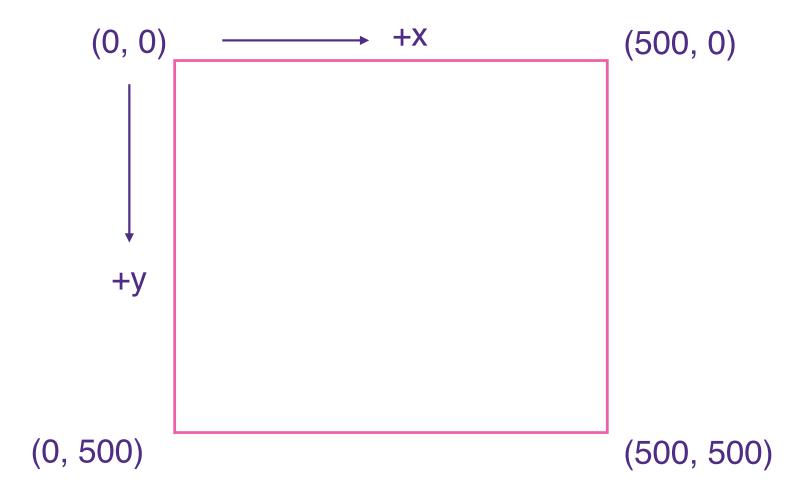
RECTANGLE: POSITION

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

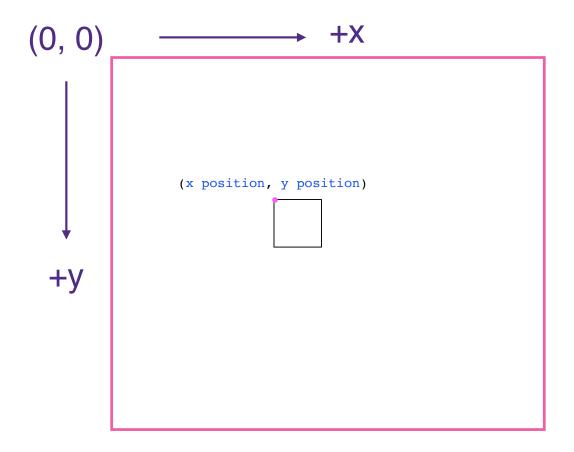
    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect (200,150),100,100);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made screen.update(g);
}
```

CS COORDINATE SYSTEM

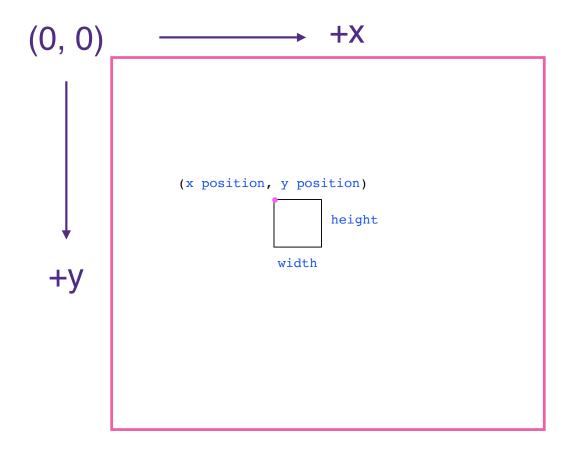


CS COORDINATE SYSTEM



g.drawRect(x position, y position, 100, 100);

CS COORDINATE SYSTEM



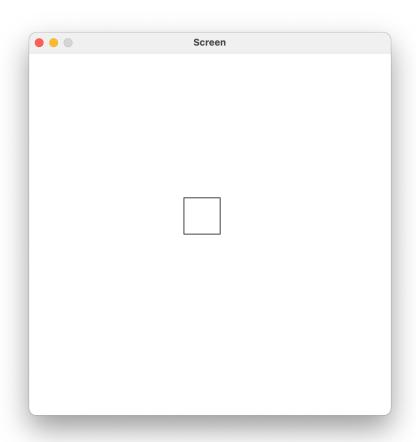
g.drawRect(x position, y position, width, height);

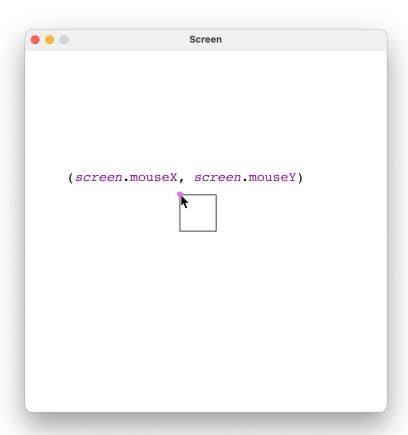
questions?

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect (screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY) 50,50);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made screen.update(g);
}
```



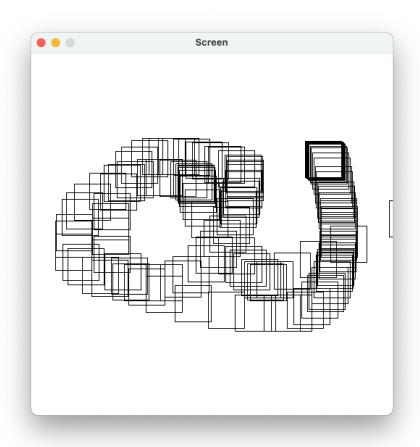


```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    //screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect(screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY, 50,50);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made screen.update(g);
}
```

PREDICTIONS?



WHY?

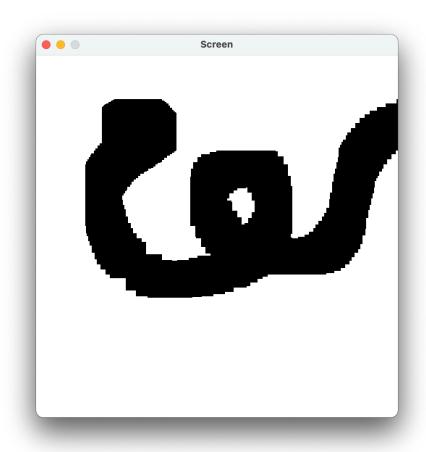
```
public class ScreenExample {
    //Create a screen/window to draw in
    static Screen screen= new Screen();
   //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        while (true) {
           (paint();)
        }
    }
    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
   public static void paint() {
        //clear the screen
        //screen.clearScreen();
        Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
        //Do all drawing here
        g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
        g.drawRect(screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY, 50,50);
        //update the screen with the drawing that you made
        screen.update(g);
}
```

questions?

A FILLED RECTANGLE

```
public class ScreenExample {
    //Create a screen/window to draw in
    static Screen screen= new Screen();
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        while (true) {
            paint();
        }
    }
   //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
   public static void paint() {
        //clear the screen
        //screen.clearScreen();
        Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
        //Do all drawing here
        q.setColor(Color.BLACK);
        g.fillRect(screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY, 50,50);
        //update the screen with the drawing that you made
        screen.update(g);
}
```

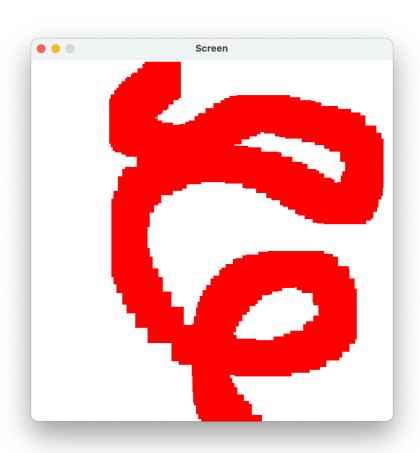
A FILLED RECTANGLE



CHANGING THE COLOR

```
public class ScreenExample {
    //Create a screen/window to draw in
    static Screen screen= new Screen();
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        while (true) {
            paint();
    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
    public static void paint() {
       //clear the screen
        //screen.clearScreen();
        Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
        //Do all drawing here
       g.setColor(Color.RED);
        g.fillRect(screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY, 50,50);
        //update the screen with the drawing that you made
        screen.update(g);
```

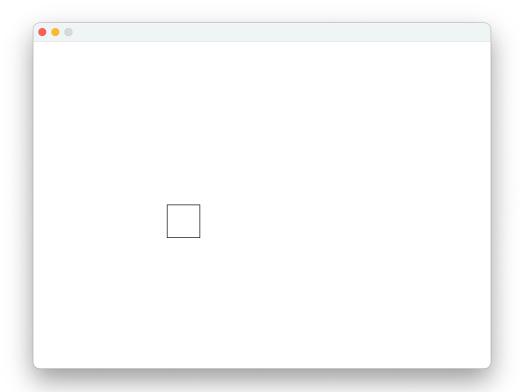
A RED RECTANGLE



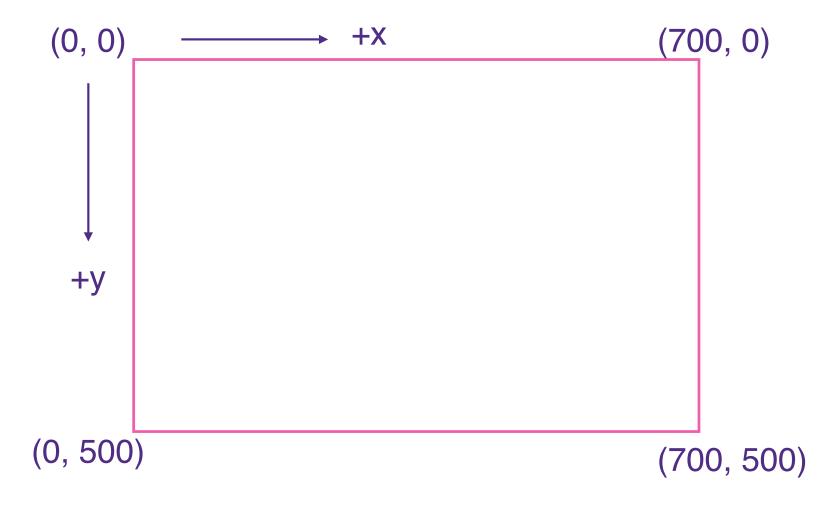
questions?

```
public class ScreenExample {
   //Create a screen/window to draw in
   static Screen screen= new Screen();
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        while (true) {
            paint();
        }
   }
   //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
    public static void paint() {
        //clear the screen
        screen.clearScreen();
        Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
        //Do all drawing here
        g.setColor(Color.PINK);
        g.drawRect(screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY, 50,50);
        //update the screen with the drawing that you made
        screen.update(g);
```

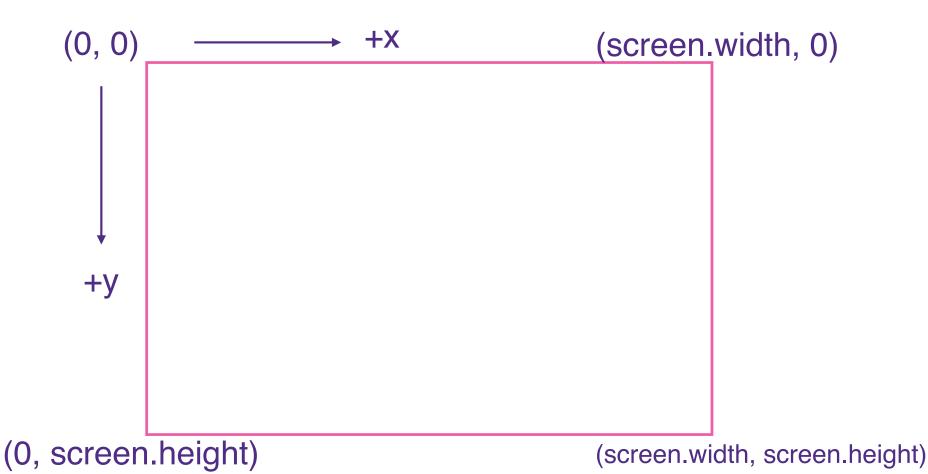
```
public class ScreenExample {
    //Create a screen/window to draw in
   static Screen screen= new Screen(700,500);
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        while (true) {
            paint();
        }
   }
   //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
    public static void paint() {
        //clear the screen
        screen.clearScreen();
        Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
        //Do all drawing here
        g.setColor(Color.PINK);
        g.drawRect(screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY, 50,50);
        //update the screen with the drawing that you made
        screen.update(g);
}
```



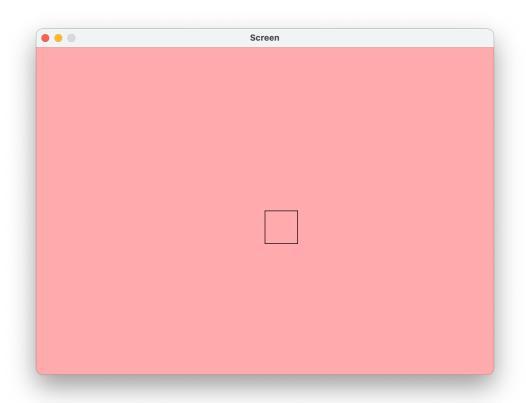
CS COORDINATE SYSTEM



CS COORDINATE SYSTEM



```
//Create a screen/window to draw in
static Screen screen= new Screen(700,500);
//Main just paints the screen over and over forever
public static void main(String[] args) {
    while (true) {
        paint();
    }
}
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
   screen.setBackground(Color.PINK);
   Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.PINK);
    g.drawRect(screen.mouseX, screen.mouseY, 50,50);
    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
```



How would we draw a rectangle in the center of the screen?

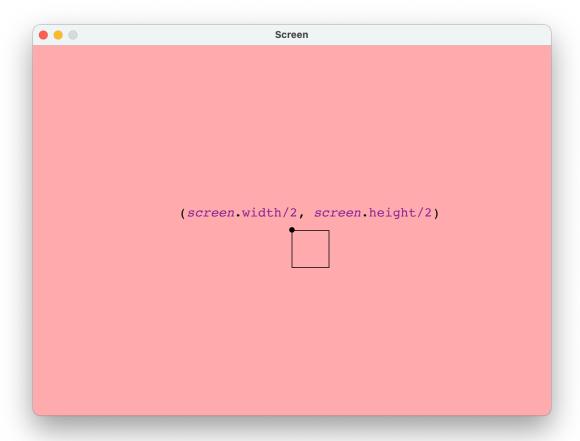
CENTERED RECTANGLE?

```
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
    screen.setBackground(Color.PINK);

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect(screen.width/2, screen.height/2, 50,50);

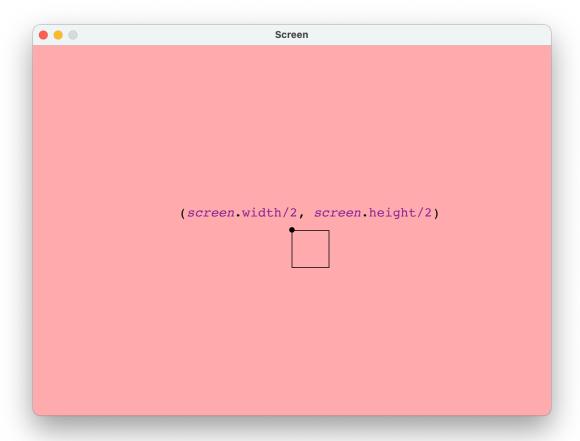
    //update the screen with the drawing that you made screen.update(g);
```

CENTERED RECTANGLE?

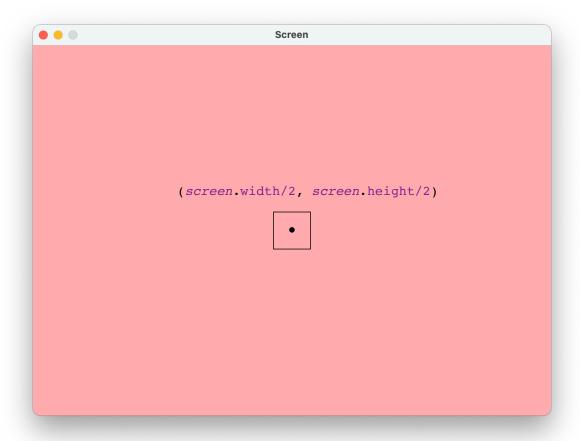


The upper left corner is centered. How would we center the shape?

CENTERED RECTANGLE?



CENTERED RECTANGLE?



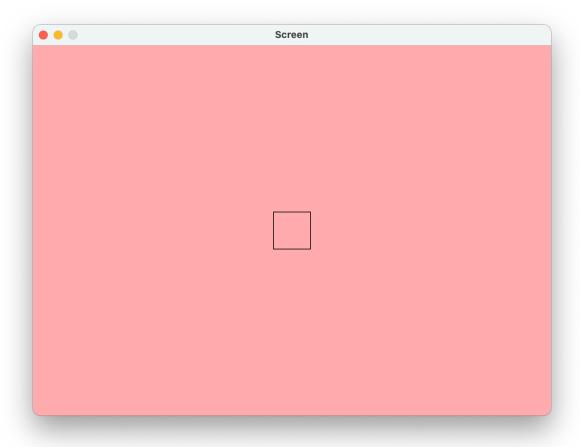
CENTERED RECTANGLE

```
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
    screen.setBackground(Color.PINK);

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect(screen.width/2-25, screen.height/2-25, 50,50);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made screen.update(g);
```

CENTERED RECTANGLE



HOW CAN WE IMPROVE THIS CODE?

```
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
    screen.setBackground(Color.PINK);

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect(screen.width/2-25, screen.height/2-25, 50,50);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made screen.update(g);
```

VARIABLES!

SUGGESTIONS?

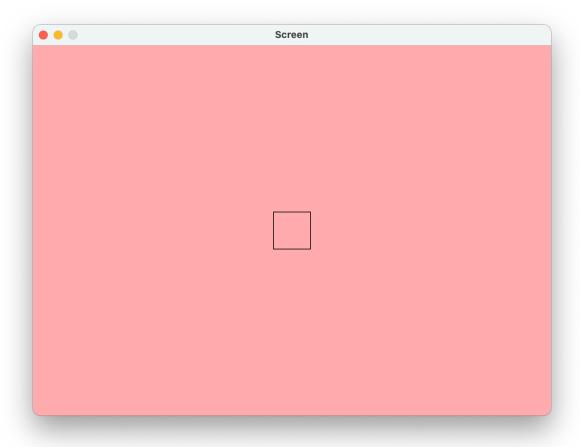
IMPROVED CODE

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
    screen.setBackground(Color.PINK);

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    int rectWidth = 50;
    int rectHeight = 50;
    g.drawRect(screen.width/2-rectWidth/2, screen.height/2-rectHeight/2, rectWidth, rectHeight);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}
```

CENTERED RECTANGLE



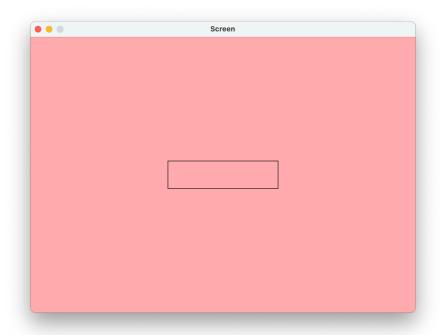
IMPROVED CODE

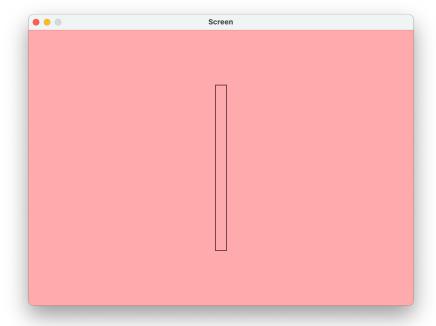
```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();
    screen.setBackground(Color.PINK);

    //Do all drawing here
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    int rectWidth = 200;
    int rectHeight = 50;
    g.drawRect(screen.width/2-rectWidth/2, screen.height/2-rectHeight/2, rectWidth, rectHeight);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}
```

CENTERED RECTANGLES





questions?

DUE TUESDAY: ASSIGNMENT 2

- Due Tuesday 9/6 by 9:30am
- Use the Screen.java code from class
- Submit via UNM Learn

Thank you!

CS 152

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