

Computer Programming Fundamentals

CS 152

Professor: Leah Buechley

TAs: Melody Horn, Noah Garcia, Andrew Geyko, Juan Ormaza

Time: MWF 10:00-10:50am

https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/CS152_Fall2021/

UNM DROP DEADLINE

- Today
- Last chance to drop without paying tuition
- Will receive W on transcript

OPEN INTELLIJ & LAST WEEK'S PROJECT

**CORRECTION FROM LAST CLASS
CODE POSTED ONLINE**

Methods.java

- src
 - Conditionals
 - LeahBuechleyAssignment2
 - Methods
 - Screen
 - ScreenExample

```
/*  
 * Author: Leah Buechley  
 * Date: 8/2021  
 * This is an example to help you use the Screen class  
 * Refer to Java graphics documentation for information on drawing:  
 * https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/16/docs/api/java.desktop/java/awt/Gr  
 */
```

```
import java.awt.*;
```

```
public class Methods {
```

```
    //Create a screen/window to draw in
```

```
    static Screen screen= new Screen();
```

```
    Graphics g;
```

```
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Methods methods = new Methods();
```

```
        while (true) {
```

```
            methods.paint();
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
```

```
    public static void paint() {
```

```
        //clear the screen
```

```
        screen.clearScreen();
```

```
        g = screen.getGraphics();
```

**COPY AND PASTE CODE ONLINE
INTO YOUR `Methods.java` FILE**

Methods.java

- src
 - Conditionals
 - LeahBuechleyAssignment2
 - Methods
 - Screen
 - ScreenExample

```
/*  
 * Author: Leah Buechley  
 * Date: 8/2021  
 * This is an example to help you use the Screen class  
 * Refer to Java graphics documentation for information on drawing:  
 * https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/16/docs/api/java.desktop/java/awt/Gr  
 */  
  
import java.awt.*;  
  
public class Methods {  
    //Create a screen/window to draw in  
    static Screen screen= new Screen();  
    Graphics g;  
  
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Methods methods = new Methods();  
        while (true) {  
            methods.paint();  
        }  
    }  
  
    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens  
    public static void paint() {  
        //clear the screen  
        screen.clearScreen();  
        g = screen.getGraphics();  
    }  
}
```

**RUN
PUT AWAY LAPTOPS FOR A BIT**

CODE STRUCTURE

CLASS {

}

```
import java.awt.*;

public class Methods {

    //Create a screen/window to draw in
    static Screen screen= new Screen();
    Graphics g;

    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Methods methods = new Methods();
        while (true) {
            methods.paint();
        }
    }

    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
    public void paint() {
        //clear the screen
        screen.clearScreen();
        g = screen.getGraphics();

        //Do all drawing here
        transparentCircle(screen.width/2, screen.height/2, 300);

        //update the screen with the drawing that you made
        screen.update(g);
    }

    void fillCenteredCircle(int x, int y, int size) {
        g.fillOval(x-size/2, y-size/2, size, size);
    }

    void fillCenteredSquare(int x, int y, int size) {
        g.fillRect(x-size/2, y-size/2, size, size);
    }

    void transparentCircle(int x, int y, int size) {
        int transparency = screen.mouseX/2;
        Color circleColor = new Color(255,0,0, transparency);
        g.setColor(circleColor);
        fillCenteredCircle(x,y,size);
    }
}
```

CLASS {

Variables

}

```
import java.awt.*;

public class Methods {
    //Create a screen/window to draw in
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CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
}
```

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```

CLASS {

Variables

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```
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}
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CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
}
```

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CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
method2 {  
}
```

```
}
```

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    }  
  
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```

CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
method2 {  
}
```

```
...
```

```
}
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        fillCenteredCircle(x,y,size);  
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}
```


STRUCTURE PROBLEMS

STRUCTURE PROBLEMS MISSING CURLY BRACKETS

CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
method2 {  
}
```

```
...
```

```
}
```

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```

CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
method2 {  
}
```

```
...
```

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            int transparency = screen.mouseX/2;  
            Color circleColor = new Color(255,0,0, transparency);  
            g.setColor(circleColor);  
            fillCenteredCircle(x,y,size);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

MISSING CURLY BRACKETS = UNHELPFUL COMPILE ERRORS

[/Users/LAB 1/websites/CS152 Fall2021/javaCode/Wed 09 01/src/Methods.java:37:5](#)
java: illegal start of expression

[/Users/LAB 1/websites/CS152 Fall2021/javaCode/Wed 09 01/src/Methods.java:50:6](#)
java: reached end of file while parsing

[/Users/LAB 1/websites/CS152 Fall2021/javaCode/Wed 09 01/src/Methods.java:41:52](#)
java: ';' expected

STRUCTURE PROBLEMS EXTRA CURLY BRACKETS

CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
method2 {  
}
```

```
...
```

```
}
```

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        fillCenteredCircle(x,y,size);  
    }  
}
```

CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}}
```

```
method2 {  
}
```

```
...
```

```
}
```

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        g.setColor(circleColor);  
        fillCenteredCircle(x,y,size);  
    }  
}
```


EXTRA CURLY BRACKETS = UNHELPFUL COMPILE ERRORS

[/Users/LAB 1/websites/CS152 Fall2021/javaCode/Wed 09 01/src/Methods.java:51](#)

java: class, interface, enum, or record expected

[/Users/LAB 1/websites/CS152 Fall2021/javaCode/Wed 09 01/src/Methods.java:51:2](#)

java: reached end of file while parsing|

STRUCTURE PROBLEMS NESTED METHODS

CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
method2 {  
}
```

```
...
```

```
}
```

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CLASS {

Variables

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paint {
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method1 {  
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```

questions?

**IF YOU'RE STUCK
LOOK AT HIGH LEVEL STRUCTURE**

BACK TO CODING

Methods.java

- src
 - Conditionals
 - LeahBuechleyAssignment2
 - Methods
 - Screen
 - ScreenExample

```
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 * Author: Leah Buechley  
 * Date: 8/2021  
 * This is an example to help you use the Screen class  
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```
    static Screen screen= new Screen();
```

```
    Graphics g;
```

```
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Methods methods = new Methods();
```

```
        while (true) {
```

```
            methods.paint();
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
```

```
    public static void paint() {
```

```
        //clear the screen
```

```
        screen.clearScreen();
```

```
        g = screen.getGraphics();
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Methods.java

- src
 - Conditionals
 - LeahBuechleyAssignment2
 - Methods
 - Screen
 - ScreenExample

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 * Author: Leah Buechley  
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```

```
public class Methods {
```

```
    //Create a screen/window to draw in  
    static Screen screen= new Screen();  
    Graphics g;
```

```
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Methods methods = new Methods();  
        while (true) {  
            methods.paint();  
        }  
    }
```

```
    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
```

```
    public static void paint() {  
        //clear the screen  
        screen.clearScreen();  
        g = screen.getGraphics();  
    }
```

ADD A NEW METHOD TO OUR CODE

**ADD A NEW METHOD TO OUR CODE
CALLED circleLine**

**ADD A NEW METHOD TO OUR CODE
CALLED circleLine
RIGHT BELOW paint()**

CLASS {

Variables

```
main {  
}
```

```
paint {  
}
```

```
circleLine {  
}
```

```
method1 {  
}
```

```
...
```

```
import java.awt.*;  
  
public class Methods {  
    //Create a screen/window to draw in  
    static Screen screen= new Screen();  
    Graphics g;  
  
    //Main just paints the screen over and over forever  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Methods methods = new Methods();  
        while (true) {  
            methods.paint();  
        }  
    }  
  
    //The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens  
    public void paint() {  
        //clear the screen  
        screen.clearScreen();  
        g = screen.getGraphics();  
  
        //Do all drawing here  
        transparentCircle(screen.width/2, screen.height/2, 300);  
  
        //update the screen with the drawing that you made  
        screen.update(g);  
    }  
  
    void circleLine() {  
    }  
  
    void fillCenteredCircle(int x, int y, int size) {  
        g.fillOval(x-size/2, y-size/2, size, size);  
    }  
  
    void fillCenteredSquare(int x, int y, int size) {  
        g.fillRect(x-size/2, y-size/2, size, size);  
    }  
  
    void transparentCircle(int x, int y, int size) {  
        int transparency = screen.mouseX/2;  
        Color circleColor = new Color(255,0,0, transparency);  
        g.setColor(circleColor);  
        fillCenteredCircle(x,y,size);  
    }  
}
```

circleLine METHOD

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
//clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    transparentCircle(screen.width/2, screen.height/2, 300);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}

void circleLine() {
}
```

IT WILL DRAW A LINE OF CIRCLES

circleLine METHOD

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    transparentCircle(screen.width/2, screen.height/2, 300);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}

void circleLine() {
}

```


ONE CENTERED CIRCLE at (0,200)

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    transparentCircle(screen.width/2, screen.height/2, 300);

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}

void circleLine() {
    fillCenteredCircle(0,200,50);
}
```

CALL THE METHOD

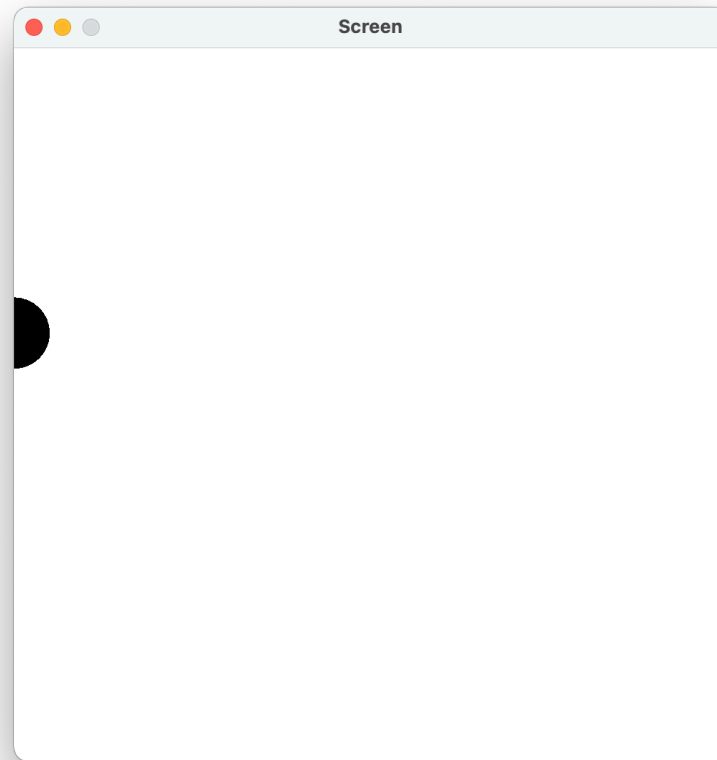
```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    circleLine();

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}

void circleLine() {
    fillCenteredCircle(0,200,50);
}
```

CALL THE METHOD



PICK A NICE COLOR IF YOU WANT

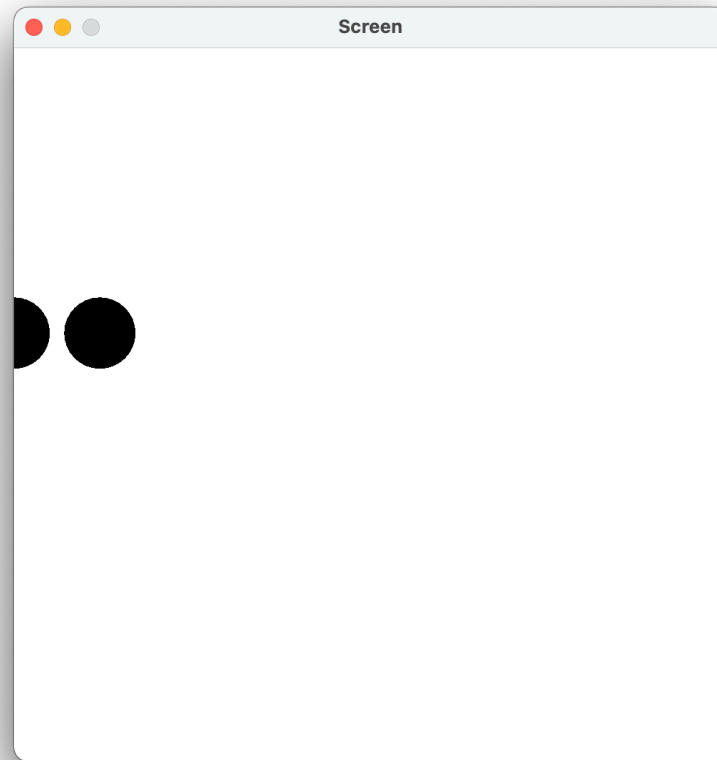
```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    Color c = new Color(74, 105, 12);
    g.setColor(c);
    circleLine();

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}

void circleLine() {
    fillCenteredCircle(0,200,50);
}
```

ADD A CIRCLE, 10 PIXELS AWAY IN X

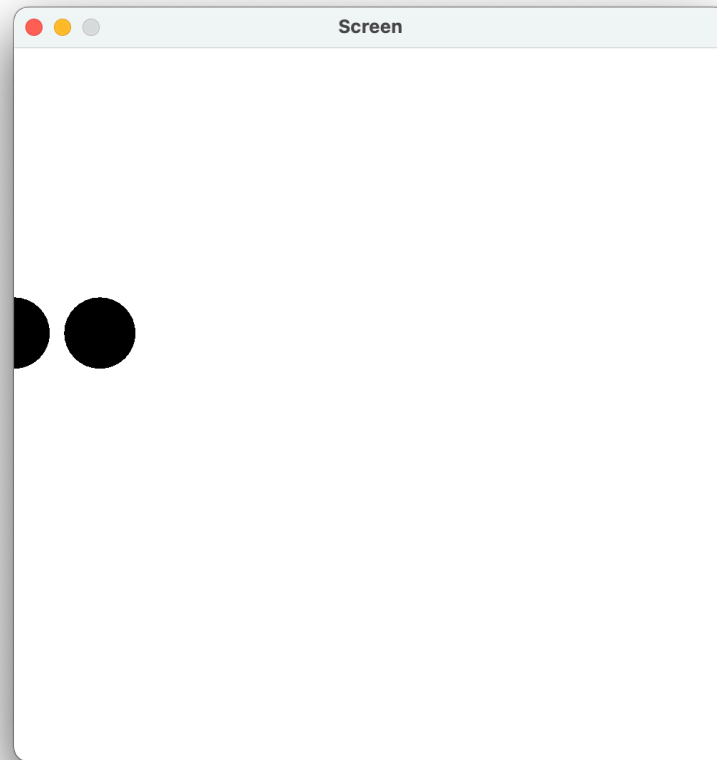


ADD A CIRCLE, 10 PIXELS AWAY IN X

What are the
center coordinates
of my new circle?

(60, 200)

(0+50+10, 200)



ADD A CIRCLE, 10 PIXELS AWAY IN X

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    Color c = new Color(74, 105, 12);
    g.setColor(c);
    circleLine();

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}

void circleLine() {
    fillCenteredCircle(0,200,50);
    fillCenteredCircle(50+10,200,50);
}
```

ADD ANOTHER CIRCLE

```
//The paint() method is where all the interesting stuff happens
public static void paint() {
    //clear the screen
    screen.clearScreen();
    Graphics g = screen.getGraphics();

    //Do all drawing here
    Color c = new Color(74, 105, 12);
    g.setColor(c);
    circleLine();

    //update the screen with the drawing that you made
    screen.update(g);
}

void circleLine() {
    fillCenteredCircle(0,200,50);
    fillCenteredCircle(50+10,200,50);
    fillCenteredCircle(50+10+50+10,200,50);
}
```

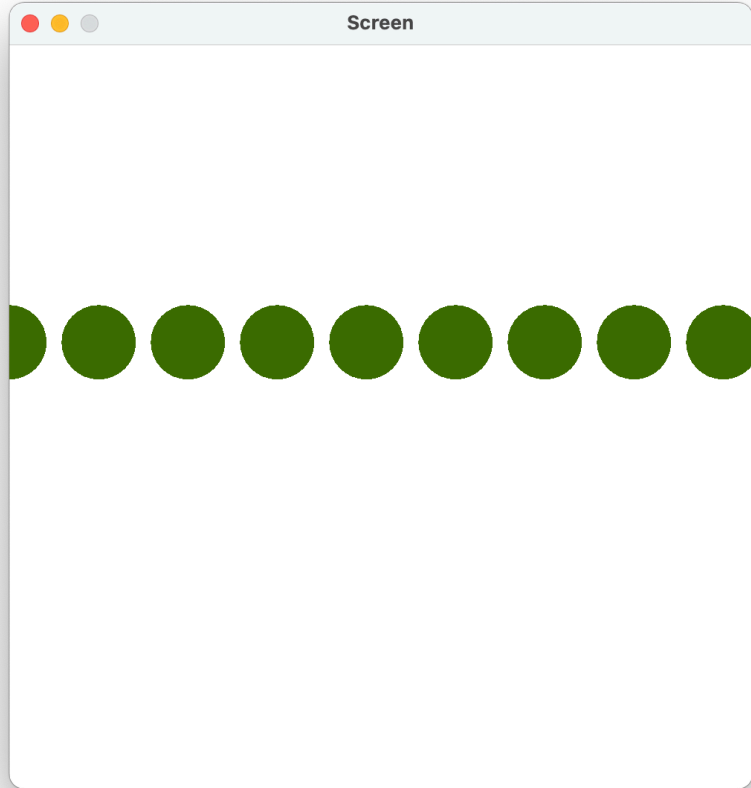

PATTERN OF POSITION

```
fillCenteredCircle(0,200,50);  
fillCenteredCircle(50+10,200,50);  
fillCenteredCircle(50+10+50+10,200,50);  
fillCenteredCircle(50+10+50+10+50+10,200,50);
```

```
newPosition = oldPosition + 50 + 10  
x = x + 50 + 10
```

USE A LOOP!

```
void circleLine() {  
    int x = 0;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
        x = x + 50 + 10;  
    }  
}
```



WHILE LOOPS

```
void circleLine() {  
    int x = 0;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
        x = x + 50 + 10;  
    }  
}
```

STRUCTURE of WHILE LOOP in JAVA

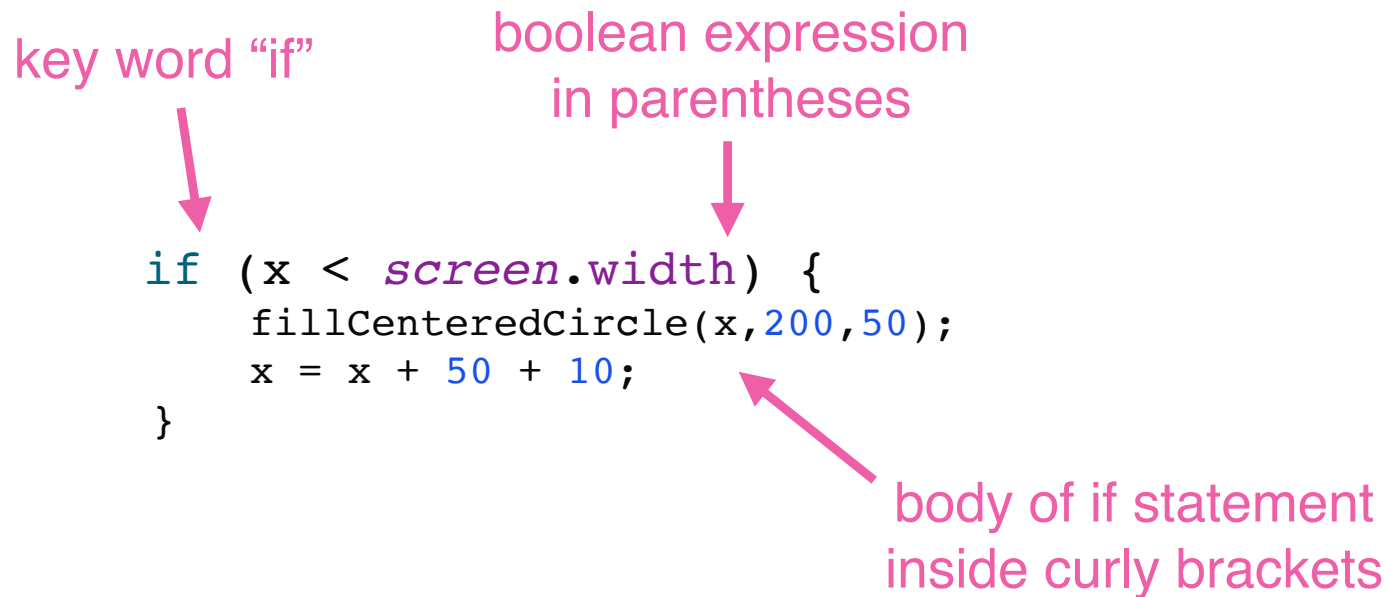
key word "while"

boolean expression
in parentheses

```
while (x < screen.width) {  
    fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
    x = x + 50 + 10;  
}
```

body of while loop
inside curly brackets

SIMILAR TO IF



BOOLEAN EXPRESSIONS

- A question with an answer that is either TRUE or FALSE
- A logical statement that is either TRUE or FALSE
- In our program: `screen.mouseX < screen.width/2`
Is the mouse in the left half of the screen?
- More examples:
 - `screen.mouseY < screen.height/2`
Is the mouse in the upper half of the screen?
 - `x <= 50`
Is x less than or equal to 50?
 - `a == 10.5`
Is a equal to 10.5?

HOW A WHILE LOOP WORKS

while the boolean expression is true

```
while (x < screen.width) {  
    fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
    x = x + 50 + 10;  
}
```

these statements will be executed

DON'T PUT SEMICOLONS HERE!

```
while (x < screen.width); {  
    fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
    x = x + 50 + 10;  
}
```

DON'T PUT SEMICOLONS HERE!

```
while (x < screen.width); {  
    fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
    x = x + 50 + 10;  
}
```

OR HERE!

```
if (x < screen.width) {  
    fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
    x = x + 50 + 10;  
}
```

CORRECT FORM

```
while (x < screen.width) {  
    fillCenteredCircle(x,200,50);  
    x = x + 50 + 10;  
}
```

```
if (x < screen.width) {  
    fillCenteredCircle(x,200,50);  
    x = x + 50 + 10;  
}
```

questions?


WHILE LOOPS CAN BE DANGEROUS...

```
void circleLine() {  
    int x = 0;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
        x = x + 50 + 10;  
    }  
}
```

INFINITE LOOPS!

this statement is always true
because x doesn't change in loop

```
int x = 0;
while (x < screen.width) {
    fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);
}
```



RUN THIS CODE & SEE WHAT HAPPENS

```
void circleLine() {  
    int x = 0;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, 50);  
        //x = x + 50 + 10;  
    }  
}
```


**BE CAREFUL ABOUT
WHILE LOOP CONDITIONS**

HOW CAN WE MAKE OUR METHOD BETTER?

```
void circleLine() {  
    int x = 0;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, size);  
        x = x+size+space;  
    }  
}
```

VARIABLES

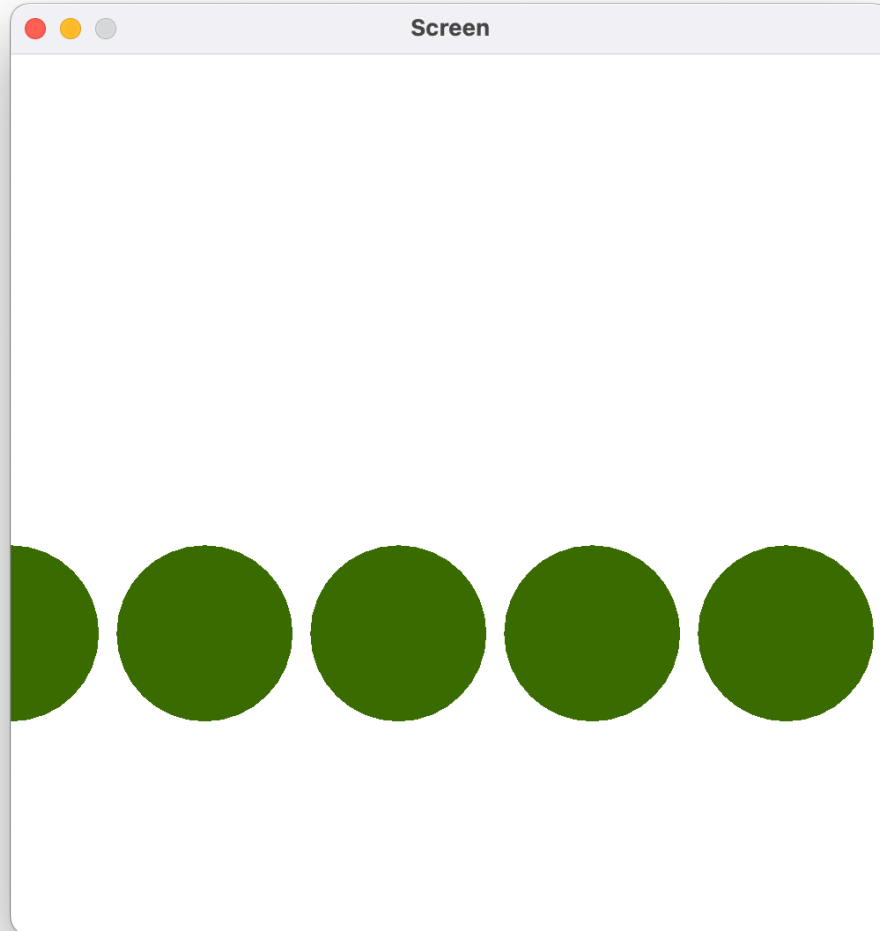
```
void circleLine() {  
    int x = 0;  
    int size = 50;  
    int space = 10;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, size);  
        x = x+size+space;  
    }  
}
```

AN INPUT PARAMETER

```
void circleLine(int size) {  
    int x = 0;  
    int space = 10;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, 200, size);  
        x = x+size+space;  
    }  
}
```

ANOTHER INPUT PARAMETER

```
void circleLine(int size, int y) {  
    int x = 0;  
    int space = 10;  
    while (x < screen.width) {  
        fillCenteredCircle(x, y, size);  
        x = x+size+space;  
    }  
}
```



questions?

Thank you!

CS 152

Professor: Leah Buechley

TAs: Melody Horn, Noah Garcia, Andrew Geyko, Juan Ormaza

Time: MWF 10:00-10:50am

https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/CS152_Fall2021/