### Computer Programming Fundamentals

CS 152

Professor: Leah Buechley

TAs: Melody Horn, Noah Garcia, Andrew Geyko, Juan Ormaza

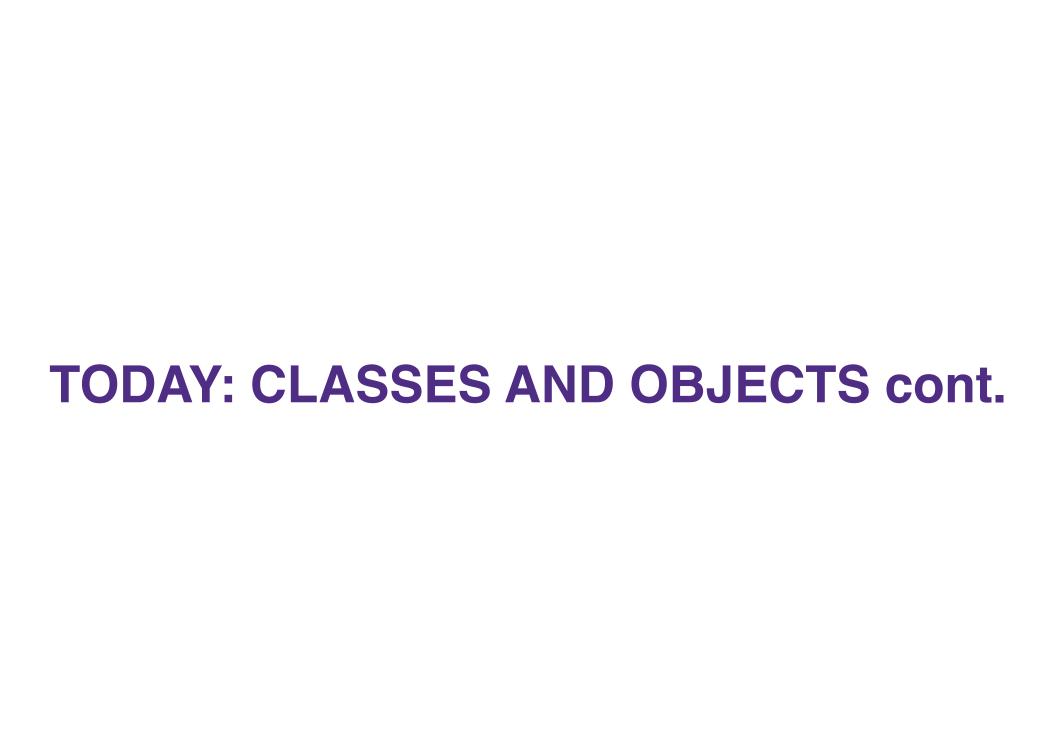
Time: MWF 10:00-10:50am

https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/CS152\_Fall2021/

#### **ASSIGNMENT 3 DUE TODAY**

#### **QUIZ 1 GRADED**

#### **LEARN ISSUE**



#### **BALL CLASS** public class Ball { Color color; int size; int xPosition; int yPosition; int xSpeed; int ySpeed; Ball () { color = Color.PINK; size = 50;xPosition = 100; yPosition = 100; xSpeed = 1;ySpeed = 1;Ball (Color color, int size, int xPosition, int yPosition) { this.color = color; this.size = size; this.xPosition = xPosition; this.yPosition = yPosition; xSpeed = 0;ySpeed = 0;public static void main(String[] args) { Ball ball; ball = new Ball(); ball.move(); Ball ball2; ball2 = new Ball(Color. BLUE, 100, 10, 500); System.out.println("ball2 xPosition: " +ball2.xPosition); ball2.setSpeed(100,100); ball2.move(); System.out.println("ball2 xPosition after move: " +ball2.xPosition); } void move() { xPosition = xPosition + xSpeed; yPosition = yPosition + ySpeed; void setSpeed (int xSpeed, int ySpeed) { this.xSpeed = xSpeed; this.ySpeed = ySpeed;

import java.awt.\*;

```
import java.awt.*;
public class Ball {
    Color color;
                               variable declarations
    int size;
    int xPosition;
                                "instance" variables
    int yPosition;
    int xSpeed;
    int ySpeed;
    Ball () {
       color = Color.PINK;
        size = 50;
        xPosition = 100;
        yPosition = 100;
        xSpeed = 1;
        ySpeed = 1;
    Ball (Color color, int size, int xPosition, int yPosition) {
        this.color = color;
        this.size = size;
        this.xPosition = xPosition;
        this.yPosition = yPosition;
       xSpeed = 0;
       ySpeed = 0;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Ball ball;
        ball = new Ball();
       ball.move();
        Ball ball2;
        ball2 = new Ball(Color. BLUE, 100, 10, 500);
        System.out.println("ball2 xPosition: " +ball2.xPosition);
        ball2.setSpeed(100,100);
       ball2.move();
        System.out.println("ball2 xPosition after move: " +ball2.xPosition);
   }
    void move() {
        xPosition = xPosition + xSpeed;
        yPosition = yPosition + ySpeed;
   }
    void setSpeed (int xSpeed, int ySpeed) {
        this.xSpeed = xSpeed;
        this.ySpeed = ySpeed;
```

#### **STRUCTURE**

constructors
have same name as class
have no return type

each constructor has different input parameters

main method

code that runs when you run the program

other class methods

### TODAY: RETURNING TO GRAPHICS SO WE CAN PLAY WITH OUR BALL

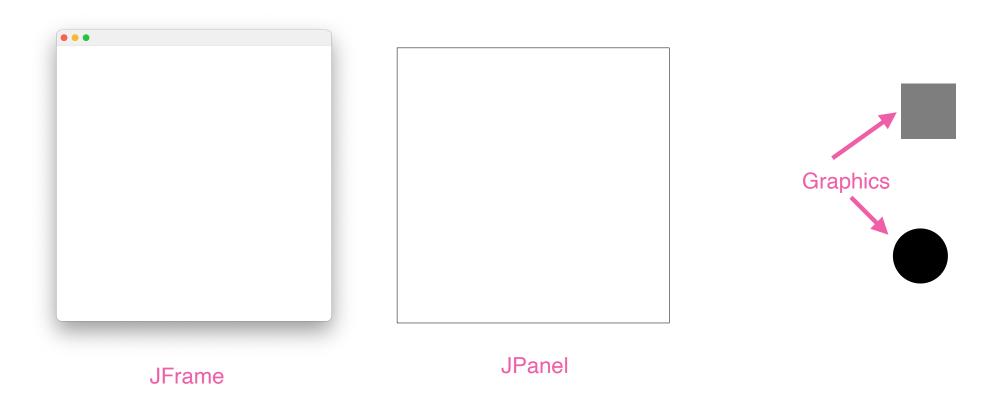
### ONE WAY TO WORK WITH GRAPHICS JFrame, JPanel, and Graphics

- These are all classes that are built into Java
- Someone else wrote them, but we can use them
- They are in the javax.swing and java.awt "packages"
- A package is a collection of classes

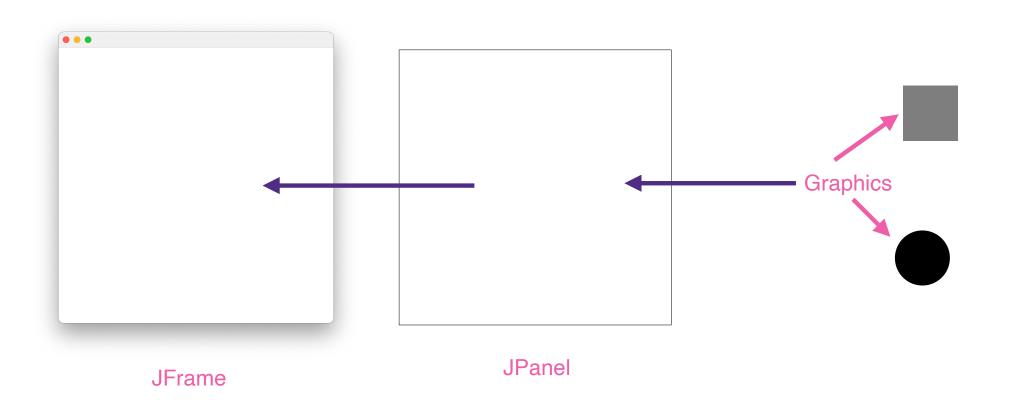
### ONE WAY TO WORK WITH GRAPHICS JFrame, JPanel, and Graphics

- JFrame = the window
- JPanel = the surface where we draw things
- Graphics = the collection of things that are drawn

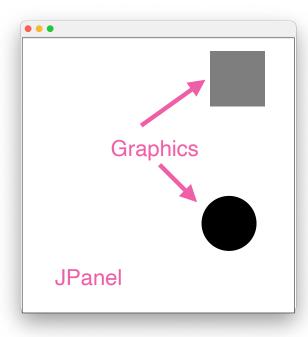
#### JFrame, JPanel, and Graphics



#### **PUTTING IT TOGETHER**



#### **PUTTING IT TOGETHER**



**JFrame** 

# CREATE A FRAME CREATE A PANEL DRAW GRAPHICS ON THE PANEL

### OPEN IntelliJ AND PROJECT FROM LAST CLASS

### CREATE A NEW CLASS CALLED MyFrame.java

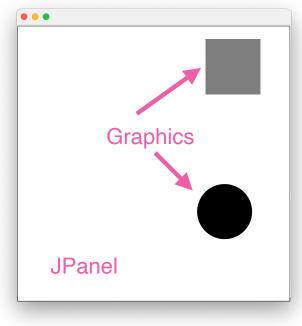
### IMPORT THE PACKAGES WE NEED: javax.swing and java.awt

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class myFrame {
}
```

the \* means that all classes from those packages should be imported

#### THE FRAME



**JFrame** 

we want our MyFrame class to have a frame and a panel.

(Graphics will be part of the panel object.)

#### FIRST PART OF CLASS: VARIABLES

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class myFrame {
    JFrame frame;
    JPanel panel;
}
```

we want our MyFrame class to have a frame and a panel.

#### **NEXT ELEMENT OF A CLASS?**

#### CONSTRUCTOR

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class myFrame {
    JFrame frame;
    JPanel panel;

    myFrame() {
    }
}
```

### NEXT ELEMENT OF A CLASS? we don't need any methods yet

#### FILL IN CONSTRUCTOR. HOW?

#### **ASSIGN VALUES TO ALL VARIABLES**

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class myFrame {
    JFrame frame;
    JPanel panel;

    myFrame(JPanel panel) {
        frame = new JFrame();
        this.panel = panel;
    }
}
```

we want our MyFrame class to have a frame and a panel.

note: constructor takes a panel as an input.

#### **NEED A FEW MORE THINGS**

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class myFrame {
    JFrame frame;
    JPanel panel;

    myFrame(JPanel panel) {
        frame = new JFrame();
        this.panel = panel;
        frame.add(panel);
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.pack();
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

questions?

# CREATE A FRAME CREATE A PANEL DRAW GRAPHICS ON THE PANEL

### CREATE A NEW CLASS CALLED MyPanel.java

## IMPORT THE PACKAGES WE NEED: javax.swing and java.awt

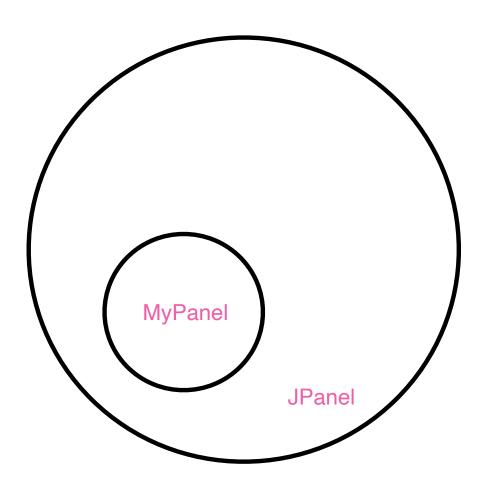
```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class myPanel {
}
```

#### **JAVA INHERITANCE**

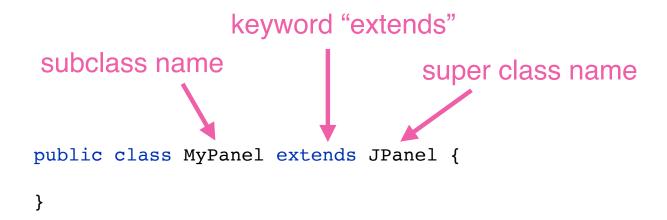
- We want our MyPanel class to create objects that are of type JPanel, with some special additional features
- We can make MyPanel a "subclass" of JPanel
- A way that object oriented programming supports code efficiency

#### **JAVA INHERITANCE**



- MyPanel is a "subclass" of JPanel
- JPanel is a "super" class of MyPanel
- All MyPanel objects are JPanel objects
- MyPanel objects contain and have access to all methods and variables defined in JPanel
- MyPanel class can define additional variables and methods that are not part of JPanel

#### **CREATING A SUBCLASS**



questions?

#### FIRST PART OF CLASS: VARIABLES

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class MyPanel extends JPanel {
    int width;
    int height;
}
```

width and height will keep track of the size of our panel

#### **NEXT ELEMENT OF A CLASS?**

#### CONSTRUCTOR

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class MyPanel extends JPanel {
    int width;
    int height;

    MyPanel() {
    }
}
```

#### **NEXT ELEMENT OF A CLASS?**

#### **METHODS**

## METHODS: A WAY TO DRAW STUFF THE paintComponent METHOD

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class MyPanel extends JPanel {
    int width;
    int height;

    MyPanel() {
    }

    @Override
    protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
        super.paintComponent(g);
    }
}
```

we are redefining or "overriding" a method defined in JPanel

#### NOW GO BACK AND FILL STUFF IN

#### FILL IN CONSTRUCTOR

```
MyPanel() {
    width = 500;
    height = 500;
}
```

#### **NEED A FEW MORE THINGS**

```
MyPanel() {
    width = 500;
    height = 500;
    Dimension d = new Dimension(width, height);
    setPreferredSize(d);
    setVisible(true);
}
```

these are methods from JPanel set the size make the panel visible

questions?

## CREATE A FRAME CREATE A PANEL DRAW GRAPHICS ON THE PANEL

## WHAT DO WE NEED TO ADD TO USE OUR NEW CLASSES?

#### **ADD A MAIN METHOD**

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
public class MyPanel extends JPanel {
    int width;
    int height;
    MyPanel() {
        width = 500;
        height = 500;
        Dimension d = new Dimension(width, height);
        setPreferredSize(d);
        setVisible(true);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
    }
    @Override
    protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
        super.paintComponent(g);
```

main method contains the code that actually runs the entry point

#### IN MAIN: CREATE A PANEL & FRAME

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    MyPanel panel = new MyPanel();
    MyFrame frame = new MyFrame(panel);
}
```

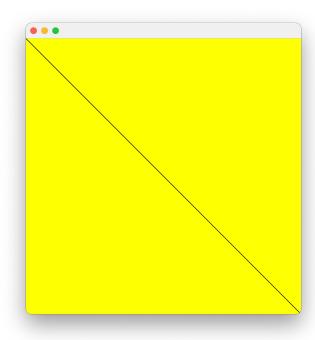
run the code to create an (empty) window



## ADD CODE TO PaintComponent TO DRAW

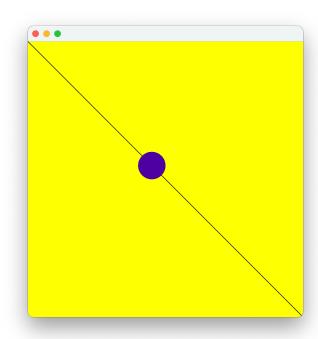
```
protected void paintComponent(Graphics g){
    super.paintComponent(g);
    setBackground(Color.YELLOW);
    g.drawLine(0,0,width,height);
}
```

add code *after* the super.paintComponent(g) line



## CAN USE ALL OF THE DRAWING FEATURES YOU'RE FAMILIAR WITH

```
protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
    super.paintComponent(g);
    setBackground(Color.YELLOW);
    g.drawLine(0,0,width,height);
    Color c = new Color(73, 11, 155, 255);
    g.setColor(c);
    g.fillOval(200,200,50,50);
}
```



## CREATE A FRAME CREATE A PANEL DRAW GRAPHICS ON THE PANEL

questions?

#### **NOW WE CAN ADD A BALL**

## ADD A BALL VARIABLE TO MyPanel

```
public class MyPanel extends JPanel {
   int width;
   int height;
   Ball ball;

MyPanel() {
     width = 500;
     height = 500;
     Dimension d = new Dimension(width, height);
     setPreferredSize(d);
     setVisible(true);
}
```

## CREATE/INSTANTIATE THE BALL IN THE CONSTRUCTOR

```
public class MyPanel extends JPanel {
   int width;
   int height;
   Ball ball;

MyPanel() {
     width = 500;
     height = 500;
     ball = new Ball(Color.BLACK, 100, 100,200);
     Dimension d = new Dimension(width, height);
     setPreferredSize(d);
     setVisible(true);
}
```

. . .

## HOW TO DRAW THE BALL? WHERE TO DRAW THE BALL?

# GOOD CODING PRACTICE: ANYTHING THAT A BALL DOES OR THAT IS DONE TO A BALL SHOULD HAPPEN IN THE BALL CLASS

# GOOD CODING PRACTICE: ANYTHING THAT AN OBJECT DOES OR THAT IS DONE TO AN OBJECT SHOULD HAPPEN IN THAT CLASS

### ADD A DRAW METHOD TO THE BALL CLASS

### Thank you!

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