

Computer Programming Fundamentals

CS 152

Professor: Leah Buechley

TAs: Melody Horn, Noah Garcia, Andrew Geyko, Juan Ormaza

Time: MWF 10:00-10:50am

https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/CS152_Fall2021/

ASSIGNMENT 5

Last day to hand in with late days:
Thursday

QUIZ 4 FRIDAY

NO MAKE UP QUIZZES

ASSIGNMENT 6
DUE FRIDAY 11/19

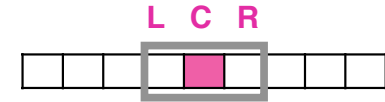
questions?

1D CELLULAR AUTOMATA

COMPUTE RULE FOR ONE CELL

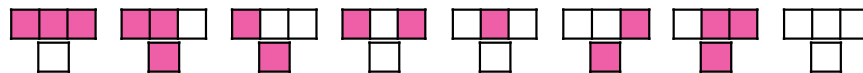
OUR RULE

```
//given a neighborhood, return next value of cell  
int rule (int left, int center, int right) {  
  
}
```



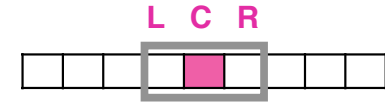
Neighborhood

Rule:

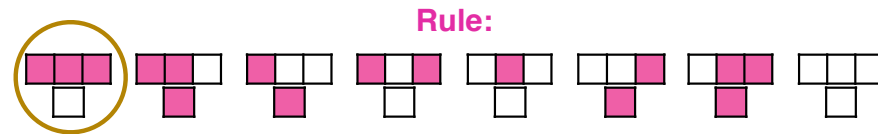


OUR RULE

```
//given a neighborhood, return next value of cell  
int rule (int left, int center, int right) {  
    if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == ALIVE)  
        return DEAD;  
}
```

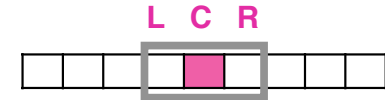


Neighborhood

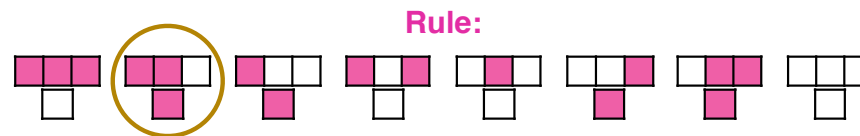


OUR RULE

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//given a neighborhood, return next value of cell  
int rule (int left, int center, int right) {  
    if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == ALIVE)  
        return DEAD;  
    if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)  
        return ALIVE;  
}
```



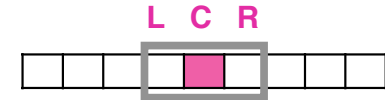
Neighborhood



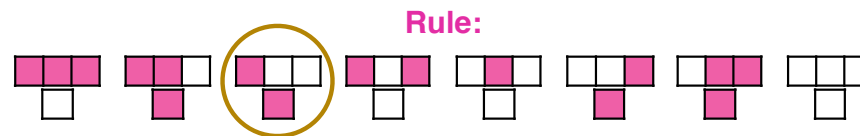
why don't we need an else?
the return statement will get us
out of the method

OUR RULE

```
//given a neighborhood, return next value of cell
int rule (int left, int center, int right) {
  if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == ALIVE)
    return DEAD;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
}
```

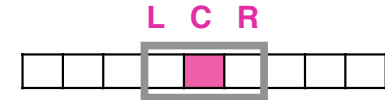


Neighborhood

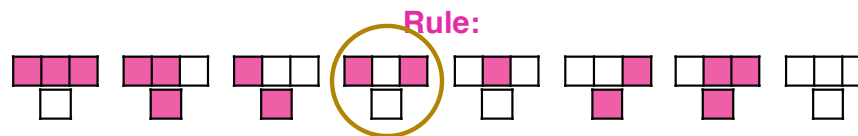


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    return ALIVE;
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    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
    return DEAD;
}
```

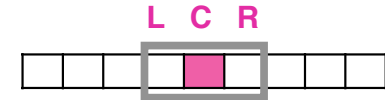


Neighborhood

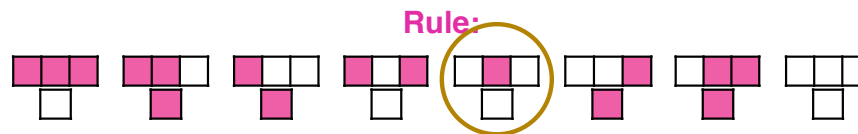


OUR RULE

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  if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
    return DEAD;
  if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
    return DEAD;
}
```

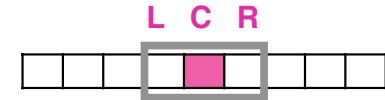


Neighborhood

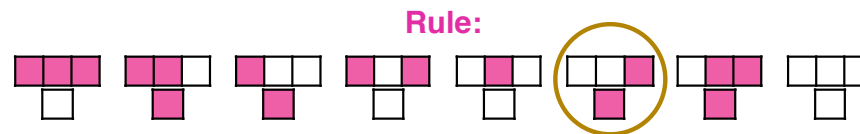


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        return ALIVE;
    if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
        return ALIVE;
    if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
        return DEAD;
    if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
        return DEAD;
    if (left == DEAD && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
        return ALIVE;
}
```

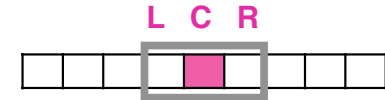


Neighborhood

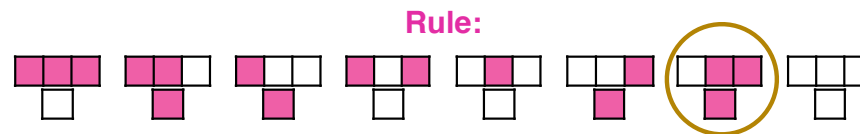


OUR RULE

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  if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
    return DEAD;
  if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
    return DEAD;
  if (left == DEAD && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == ALIVE)
    return ALIVE;
}
```

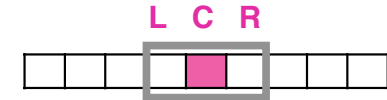


Neighborhood

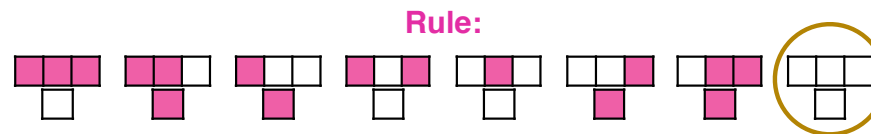


OUR RULE

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  if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == ALIVE)
    return DEAD;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
    return DEAD;
  if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
    return DEAD;
  if (left == DEAD && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == ALIVE)
    return ALIVE;
  if (left == DEAD && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
    return DEAD;
}
```

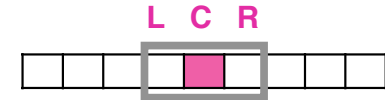


Neighborhood



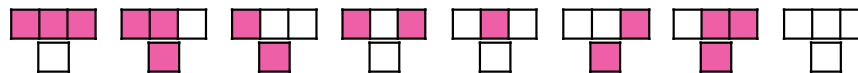
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    if (left == ALIVE && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
        return ALIVE;
    if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
        return ALIVE;
    if (left == ALIVE && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
        return DEAD;
    if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == DEAD)
        return DEAD;
    if (left == DEAD && center == DEAD && right == ALIVE)
        return ALIVE;
    if (left == DEAD && center == ALIVE && right == ALIVE)
        return ALIVE;
    if (left == DEAD && center == DEAD && right == DEAD)
        return DEAD;
    return -1;
}
```



Neighborhood

Rule:



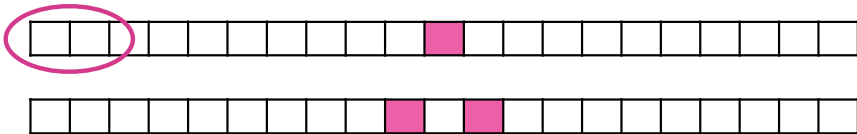
questions?

INEFFICIENT BUT CLEAR CODE

**COMPUTE ONE ITERATION
OF ENTIRE CA**

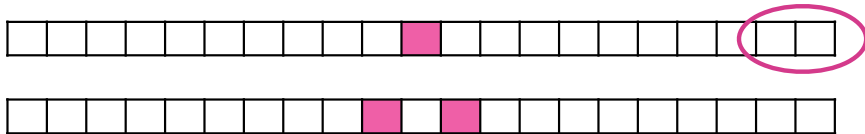
ONE ITERATION

```
int iterate() {  
    displayCurrentStates();  
    //compute next state for each element in currentStates  
    for (int i=1; i<size-1; i++) {  
        nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i-1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i+1]);  
    }  
}
```



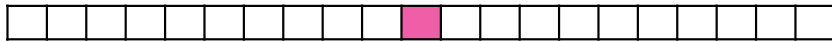
ONE ITERATION

```
int iterate() {  
    displayCurrentStates();  
    //compute next state for each element in currentStates  
    for (int i=1;i<size-1;i++) {  
        nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i-1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i+1]);  
    }  
}
```



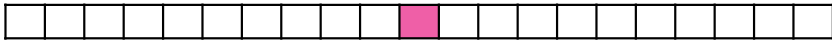
ONE ITERATION

```
int iterate() {  
    displayCurrentStates();  
    //compute next state for each element in currentStates  
    for (int i=1;i<size-1;i++) {  
        nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i-1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i+1]);  
    }  
    //set currentStates to be nextStates  
    currentStates = nextStates;  
}
```



A PROBLEM

```
int iterate() {  
    displayCurrentStates();  
    //compute next state for each element in currentStates  
    for (int i=1;i<size-1;i++) {  
        nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i-1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i+1]);  
    }  
    //set currentStates to be nextStates  
    currentStates = nextStates;  
}
```



WHY?

PRIMITIVE TYPE VARIABLES

in the computer's
memory somewhere

```
int x;  
x = 5;  
int y = x;  
y = 1000;
```

x =	5
y =	5
y =	1000

ARRAYS VS PRIMITIVE TYPES

```
int[] myArray;  
myArray = new int[3];  
for (int i = 0; i < myArray.length; i++)  
    myArray[i] = i * 10;
```

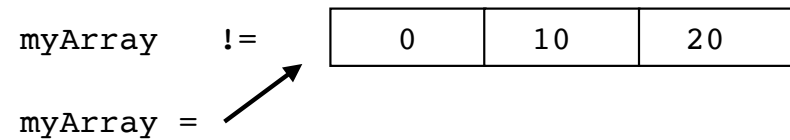
in the computer's
memory somewhere

0	10	20
0	1	2

ARRAYS and REFERENCES

in the computer's
memory somewhere

```
int[] myArray;  
myArray = new int[3];  
for (int i = 0; i < myArray.length; i++)  
    myArray[i] = i * 10;
```

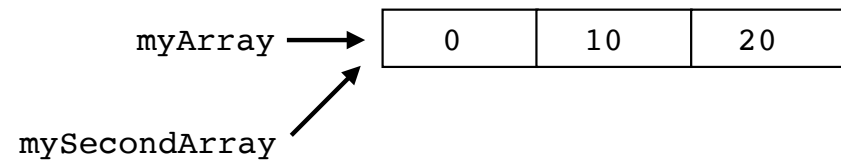


when you create an array variable,
the variable stores a “reference” to the
array, not the actual array

ARRAYS and REFERENCES

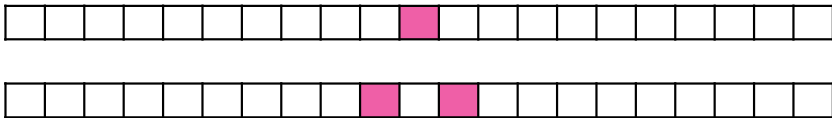
```
int[] myArray;  
int[] mySecondArray;  
myArray = new int[3];  
for (int i = 0; i < myArray.length; i++)  
    myArray[i] = i * 10;  
mySecondArray = myArray;
```

in the computer's
memory somewhere



BACK TO OUR PROBLEM

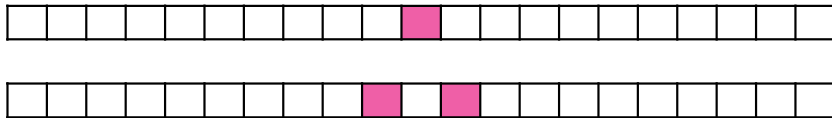
```
int iterate() {
    displayCurrentStates();
    //compute next state for each element in currentStates
    for (int i=1;i<size-1;i++) {
        nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i-1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i+1]);
    }
    //set currentStates to be nextStates
    currentStates = nextStates;
}
```



we want a true copy,
not a reference

BACK TO OUR PROBLEM

```
int iterate() {
  displayCurrentStates();
  //compute next state for each element in currentStates
  for (int i=1;i<size-1;i++) {
    nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i-1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i+1]);
  }
  //set currentStates to be nextStates
  currentStates = nextStates;
}
```



if nextStates and currentStates are referencing the same array, this computation won't work

we'll be changing the array during our rule computation

questions?

SOLUTION: MAKE A TRUE COPY

JAVA clone METHOD FOR ARRAYS

method name
returns an array
↓ ↓
protected `Array clone()`

Creates and returns a copy of this object.

Parameters:

none

Returns:

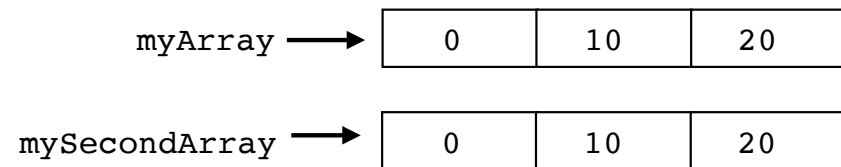
The resulting Array

[https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/16/docs/api/java.base/java/lang/Object.html#clone\(\)](https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/16/docs/api/java.base/java/lang/Object.html#clone())

CLONE

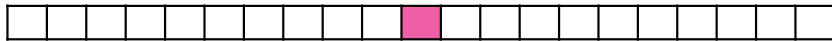
```
int[] myArray;  
int[] mySecondArray;  
myArray = new int[3];  
for (int i = 0; i < myArray.length; i++)  
    myArray[i] = i * 10;  
mySecondArray = myArray.clone();
```

in the computer's
memory somewhere



SOLUTION TO OUR PROBLEM

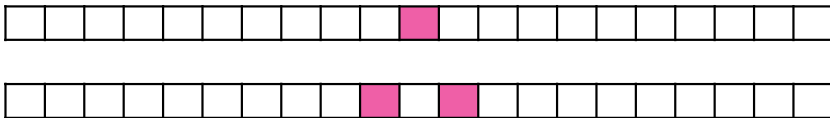
```
int iterate() {  
    displayCurrentStates();  
    //compute next state for each element in currentStates  
    for (int i=1;i<size-1;i++) {  
        nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i-1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i+1]);  
    }  
    //set currentStates to be nextStates  
    currentStates = nextStates.clone();  
}
```



questions?

MORE ITERATIONS

```
int iterate(int iterations) {  
    displayCurrentStates();  
    for (int j=0;j<iterations;j++) {  
        //compute next state for each element in currentStates  
        for (int i = 1; i < size - 1; i++) {  
            nextStates[i] = rule(currentStates[i - 1], currentStates[i], currentStates[i + 1]);  
        }  
        //set currentStates to be nextStates  
        currentStates = nextStates.clone();  
        displayCurrentStates();  
    }  
}
```



questions?

PUTING IT ALL TOGETHER

IN main

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    CellularAutomata1D CA = new CellularAutomata1D();  
    CA.iterate(3);  
}
```

```
*  
* *  
* * *  
* * * *
```